

SFP BIDI 155Mbps 40KM 1310nm TX/1550nm RX

SLB-1535X-40-X



Overview

The SFP BIDI transceivers are high performance, cost effective modules supporting data-rate of 155Mbps and 40km transmission distance with SMF.

The transceiver consists of three sections: a FP laser transmitter, a PIN photodiode integrated with a trans-impedance preamplifier (TIA) and MCU control unit. All modules satisfy class I laser safety requirements.

The SFP BIDI transceivers are compatible with SFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) and SFF-8472. For further information, please refer to SFP MSA.

Features

- Up to 155Mbps data-rate
- 1310nm FP laser and PIN photo detector for 40km
- Compliant with SFP MSA and SFF-8472 with simplex LC or SC receptacle
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring: Internal Calibration or External Calibration
- Compatible with RoHS
- ♦ +3.3V single power supply
- Operating case temperature range of 0°C to +70°C (Commercial) or -40°C to +85°C (Industrial)

Applications

- SDH STM-1, S-1.1,L-1.1, L-1.2
- SONET OC-3 IR1,LR1,LR2
- Other optical links

Ordering Information

Part Number	Product Description
SLB-1535X-40	SFP BIDI 155Mbps, TX1310nm/RX1550, SC or LC, 40km, 0 to 70°C
SLB-1535X-40-D	SFP BIDI 155Mbps, TX1310nm/RX1550, SC or LC, 40km, 0 to 70°C, With DDM
SLB-1535X-40T	SFP BIDI 155Mbps, TX1310nm/RX1550, SC or LC, 40km, -40 to +85°C
SLB-1535X-40T-D	SFP BIDI 155Mbps, TX1310nm/RX1550, SC or LC, 40km, -40 to +85°C, With DDM
Noto	

Note:

X=Fiber Port Type (S=SC Port; L=LC Port)

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Module Block Diagram

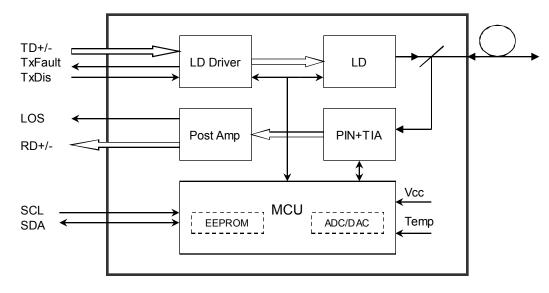


Figure 1: Block Diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.5	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Commercial	Тс	0		+70	°C
	Industrial		-40		+85	°C
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Power Supply Current		lcc			300	mA
Data Rate				155		Mbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Centre Wavelength	λc	1260	1310	1360	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)	σ			4	nm	
Average Output Power	Pout	-5		0	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB	



Optical Rise/Fa	ll Time (20%~80%)	t _r /t _f			1.3	ns	
Data Input Sv	wing Differential	V _{IN}	400		1800	mV	2
Input Differe	ntial Impedance	Z _{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		Vcc	V	
IX DISable	Enable		0		0.8	V	
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		Vcc	V	
TATAUL	Normal		0		0.8	V	
Receiver							
Centre V	Vavelength	λς	1480		1580	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity					-32	dBm	3
Receive	r Overload		-3			dBm	3
LOS D	LOS De-Assert				-32	dBm	
LOS	LOS Assert		-45			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis			1		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential		Vout	400		1800	mV	4
	_OS	High	2.0		Vcc	V	
l		Low			0.8	V	

Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into SMF.

2. PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated. 3. Measured with a PRBS 2^{23} -1 test pattern @155Mbps, BER $\leq 1 \times 10^{-10}$.

4. Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			1	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			10	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock			400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		Vcc	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	VL			0.8	V

Diagnostics Specification

Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration	
Tomporatura	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal / External	
Temperature	-40 to +85	C	15 C	Internal / External	
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal / External	
Bias Current	0 to 100	mA	±10%	Internal / External	
TX Power	-5 to 0	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	
RX Power	-30 to -8	dBm	±3dB	Internal / External	

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.

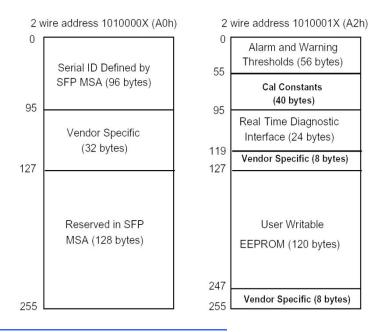


Figure2. Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

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Pin Definitions

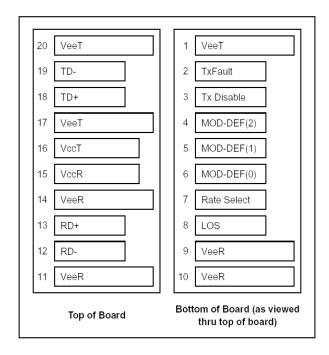


Figure3. Pin Diagram

Pin Descriptions

Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	MOD_DEF(2)	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	Note 3
5	MOD_DEF(1)	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	Note 3
6	MOD_DEF(0)	TTL Low	3	Note 3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 4
9	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 5
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 5
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	

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17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 6
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) TX Disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 to 0.8V)	: Transmitter on
(>0.8V, < 2.0V)	: Undefined
High (2.0 to 3.465V)	: Transmitter Disabled
Open	: Transmitter Disabled

3) Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

- Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID
- 4) LOS is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 1 indicates loss of signal; Logic 0 indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 5) RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 6) TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Interface Circuit

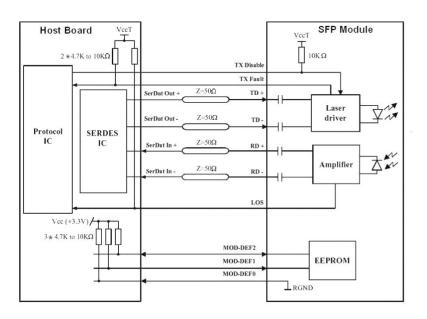
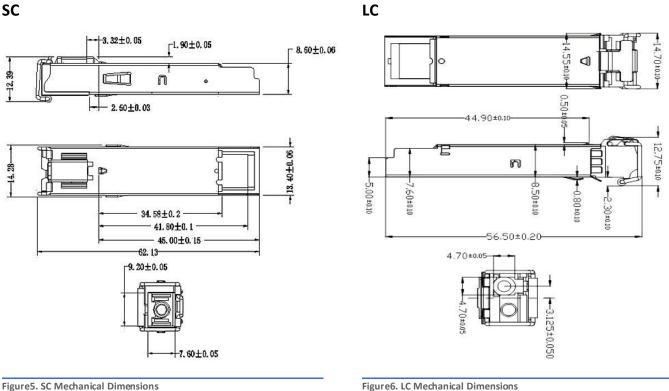


Figure 4. Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions





References

- 1. Small Form Factor Pluggable (SFP) Transceiver Multi-Source Agreement (MSA), September 2000.
- 2. Telcordia GR-253and ITU-T G.957 Specifications.

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